

GOD'S 7 COVENANTS pt 2

HH | Midweek 7PM | 01/07/2026

In **the promise**, the Word of God comes to us.

The promise is made by the Father...

The Word (Jesus) is given to you...

- The Son ratifies the covenant therefore, the work is given for you. On your behalf.

The Holy Spirit in executing the covenant begins His work in you.

MAIN POINTS FROM LAST WEEK:

When the Father presents it the Word comes to you.

When the Son ratifies it, His work begins for you.

When the Spirit executes it, His Word begins in you.

SIMPLIFIED EXPLANATION OF THE ABOVE NARRATIVE:

A covenant is the promise given, the life is given, the seal is given.

Promise - life comes to you

Blood - work is done for you

Seal - Word begins in you

We have to do something to see the result of the seal.

- It demands our participation.

- **Example:** God gave the promise to Moses.

- The animal was killed on the behalf of the people.

- Nothing happened until Moses applied the blood. (Think of Passover, the blood on the doorposts)

The promise can be given; the life can be killed; but nothing can happen until the life of that blood is applied.

- When we apply the blood it releases the ratification and the promise of the Father.

- When I say, "I apply the blood of Jesus," I seal the covenant made. I release the promise and the work of the cross.

- I have the apply for the Executor to execute, the Ratifier to ratify for the promise to be made real and sure.

The Father promises

The Son ratifies

The Spirit executes

- Waits for us to apply it. (John 9:1-7, Jesus putting mud on the blind mans eyes)

Every promise has promises or words.

- When God introduced a covenant He introduced it with a promise.

A covenant is an expressed agreement; it consists of words (promises/terms)

DEFINING TERMS:

Terms - by two parties that involve certain conditions under which the promises will be fulfilled.

God gives the promise

God gives the terms

The terms must be agreed and when they are agreed the promises can be fulfilled.

- There will be no fulfillment unless the terms are met. (Jesus turned my "When" into an "If")

God said, "I will bring you out of Egypt and lead you to the promise land."

- They all died before they saw the promise land. Why? They did not keep the terms.
- Did God change His mind? No, they broke the terms.
- God kept His word by letting the children go in.

• **The terms: you must obey My law for Me to fulfill My part of the agreement.**

So, whenever God makes a covenant He presents you with a promise.

Then He lays down the terms and says, "I will do this if you will do this."

- Then we say, "Yes, I will."

When you were saved, whether you know it or not, you made a covenant.

- Everything we are talking about happened at your salvation.
 - God gave you the promise of life eternal.
 - God gave you the promise of forgiveness.
 - God gave you the promise of heaven and that you would be His child.

The terms are: If you obey Me I will bless you (fulfill My promises)

Therefore, you cannot really be forgiven unless you fulfill the terms.

- Confess your sin
- Live a clean life
- Come out from among them and be separate.
- Repent and I will cleanse you.
- Walk with Me, Obey Me

The terms must be kept and then the promises are given.

This is only the 1st part of the covenant.

2nd part of the covenant - the Blood of Covenant (ratification)

- There must be a life given.
- In that covenant was a commitment that involved blood shed. The sacrificial blood that ratified the covenant represented the life of those entering into it.

Why did the covenant require blood?

- Blood represents an exchange of life.
- God has said the sinner has to die because they are guilty. The wages of sin is death.
- I will accept the sinner if he makes a covenant with Me but a life has to die in his place.
- Before they could approach God in the only covenant they brought the life of an animal in place of their life. It's called "substitution."
 - And once that blood was shed God's justice was met and the individual escaped death by the death of that animal.

He says to His covenant people, not the world. He didn't make a covenant with the world in the old covenant but with the children of Israel.

- Only Israel was permitted as a covenant people to bring the life of another instead of their own life.

Because God said, "If you sin you will die."

But, the covenant people were given the promise.

1. I will accept you

2. Another life must be offered
3. That blood must be applied for the covenant to be sealed.

The priests took that blood and spread/sprinkled/splattered it and it was sealed.

That is why Jesus shed His blood.

- He was the one who ratified the covenant.
- But we have to seal the covenant by accepting His blood as our sacrificial payment/substitute.

1. Promise
2. Blood

Let's understand the blood covenant.

Because the sacrificial blood used to make the covenant represents the life of those entering into it. So the death of the sacrifice, and the shedding of blood reveals the sacredness of the "vow."

There is a vow made in that shedding of blood.

- The moment it is shed there is a vow.
- Sacrifice = life for life.

When the sacrifice is complete it reveals how sacred the vow is.

- It seals/ratifies the vow God made to you.

Example:

"If you accept my Son Jesus I will give you life eternal."

That's the vow.

We have an incredible promise made with a vow.

God who cannot lie made a vow to you.

You have never been to heaven.

You have no guarantee you will go to heaven outside of the Bible.

But you do have something amazing in scripture... a vow.

The guarantee there is a heaven is not that someone died and went there and came back.

The guarantee is the "vow."

God made a vow!

God Almighty reveals the sacredness of the vow by the shedding of blood.

So when Jesus died on the cross God was saying, "My vow is real. My promise is eternal."

The Blood reveals the vow.

- A mediator had to officiate and ratify. That's why Jesus is our High Priest.

The Seal of the Covenant:

A seal is an ongoing tangible witness that a covenant serves as the constant reminder of the covenantal promises and terms.

Communion - what do you do?

You remember the covenant.

- That's the seal.
- Ongoing tangible witness.

Each covenant has a seal.

Seal - sign, token of the covenant.

- That's why the blood must be applied as a token.
- Ex 12 God said, "A token applied to your doorpost."

Why do we take communion?

- We seal the covenant.
- We release its execution, ratification, and promise.
- There is power in that token.

In the old covenant they sealed by applying blood.

Moses sprayed the people with the blood and he sprayed the scriptures, altar, and tabernacle with the blood. Why?

He was sealing the covenant.

When we have communion we release the promise and the power of the covenant on our lives. We seal it and it is executed again.

That's why: if we have communion properly, we should be healed right then.

- In that covenant is healing.

We ought to be delivered from all bondage.

- In that seal is the release of all the promises.

1. The Promise
2. The Blood
3. The Seal

When we apply, we are sealing it.

It is executed by application.

There are 7 Covenants:

1. **Adamic Covenant** - God's original purpose for humanity, God's judgement on sin, the promise of the coming Messiah, redemption. (Gen 1-3)
2. **Noahic Covenant** - made with Noah after the flood involving all creation and creatures and future generations. God re-established His purpose as revealed in the Adamic Covenant. (Gen 6-9)
3. **Abrahamic Covenant** - After the Tower of Babel and the scattering of the seed of Noah, the covenant with Abraham was given, ratified, and sealed to his natural seed Israel. It was given, ratified, and sealed to the Messianic Seed (Jesus) which included the coming of the believing Jews and Gentiles into the Kingdom of God.
 - Do you know why Abraham shed blood? When God gave him the covenant that involves you. We are saved because of that covenant. This covenant is eternal.
 - We were saved as a result of his covenant.
 - God gave Abraham the promise, Abraham applied the blood and that covenant is still in force today even though Abraham is dead. That covenant is eternal.
 - My Christian life is an extension of that covenant.

- When you read the Bible you are not reading history, you are reading about your origin as a Christian. You are people of faith because of what God promised to Abraham. Our life and future was sealed when Abraham applied the blood in Genesis.
 - The force of this covenant will continue throughout eternity.
 - We are blessed because of Abraham and his covenant with God.
4. **Mosaic Covenant** - made strictly and only with the children of Israel. After the exodus from Egypt at the foot of Mt Sinai, God made this covenant which was not made with the Gentiles or the Church. It was made only with Israel and it acted as a school master to bring Israel to Christ. Included in it is the possessing of the promise land the conditions and blessings for keeping it.
 - In this covenant is America's survival.
 - The Mosaic covenant was made only with Israel, not the church. (You cannot apply scripture that does not apply to you). As you read this you must divide what belongs to you and what belongs to them.
 - Years ago I heard a preacher say, "We are Israel." They destroyed the faith of a lot of young people in the 70s. He was preaching what is called today, "Replacement Theology."
 - Replacement theology says: We are the chosen people, we are Israel, and God is done with His ancient people... it is not truth. Replacement theology is so dangerous it can destroy your faith.
 - God's promise to His people Israel stands forever. That's why there is a nation called Israel today.
 - These promises are for them, not us. For them the nation/Israel.
 - He promised to give them the promise land from the river of Egypt to the river Euphrates and one of these days it will be fulfilled. Today Israel only has a portion of that land but when Messiah comes Israel will possess all of that land down to the river Euphrates which is in Iraq.
 - We will live there forever. America is not my home forever.
 - In this covenant was given the gospel which they rejected it. When that happened God also included the possessing of the land.
 5. **Davidic Covenant** - made with King David that involved his natural and spiritual seed and pointed to Jesus everlasting throne. In this covenant is the reign of Christ.
 6. **The New Covenant** - it is not the four gospels. Was made with the two houses of Israel (Judah & Israel) after they rejected the Messiah just before His crucifixion made at the Last Supper.
 - Jesus said, "Take, eat, this is my body" there He gave the New Covenant. The promise given, blood offered, and sealed at the Last Supper.
 - I am a preacher of the new covenant.
 7. **Everlasting Covenant** - made in eternity past. Made between the Father, Son, and the Holy Spirit.
 - All other covenants were made with man except this one. This was made between God and Himself.
 - This is the "all comprehensive, all complete/full" including in itself all covenants made with man, creation, redemption, God's eternal purpose. That's why Paul said, "eye has not seen, and ear has not heard."
 - All other covenants but fragments of the eternal one. They are unto this one covenant.

In the Adamic and Nohaic redemption is revealed. (Gen 1-7)

In the Abrahamic and Mosaic redemption is manifested. (Gen 8 - Deut 34)

In the Davidic and the New redemption is consummated. (Messianic promises) (Joshua - Romans?)

In the Everlasting it's completed. (Revelation)

When that redemption is complete we will have a new body.

In those 6 covenants are 3 revelations:

1. Redemption revealed
2. Redemption manifested
3. Redemption consummated

Now my redemption is complete.

When that happens I won't need this body.