

GOD'S 7 COVENANTS pt 11

HH | Midweek 7PM | 03/18/2026

ABRAHAMIC COVENANT pt 4

All the blessings of Abraham belong to you!

1 Term: FAITH

Faith, much like Noah.

Both OT & NT clearly shows that Abraham's response to the covenant was that of "faith."

- For this reason he has been called the father of all those who believe. (Romans 4:3)

We see faith in the life of Abraham.

(Genesis 15:6; Galatians 3:6; Hebrews 11:17-19)

Romans 4:3 - Abraham was called the father of all those who believe.

- He is the father of the faithful.

His faith was tested and perfected as he grew from faith to faith.

Romans 1:17 - this is how we grow from faith to faith. (The just shall live by faith)

2 Term: OBEDIENCE

Abraham's faith was proven by his obedience, and his obedience was sustained by his faith.

Hebrews 11:8 | NKJV

8 By faith Abraham obeyed when he was called to go out to the place which he would receive as an inheritance. And he went out, not knowing where he was going.

Here is a man who simply obeys and doesn't know where he's going.

Genesis 22:18 | NKJV

18 In your seed all the nations of the earth shall be blessed,
[Why?] because you have obeyed My voice.

Because of his obedience...

Genesis 26:5 | NKJV

5 because Abraham obeyed My voice...

James 2:20–24 | NKJV

20 But do you want to know, O foolish man, that faith without works is dead? **21** Was not Abraham our father justified by works when he offered Isaac his son on the altar? **22** Do you see that faith was working together with his works, and by works faith was made perfect? **23** And the Scripture was fulfilled which says, “Abraham believed God, and it was accounted to him for righteousness.” And he was called the friend of God. **24** You see then that a man is justified by works, and not by faith only.

Abraham’s obedience proved his faith.

- Faith without works “obedience” is dead.
- When we say “works” we mean “obedience.”

Now, God adds something to this covenant that’s amazing... He adds an oath.

- There was no oath in the Adamic or the Noahic covenants.
- There is no oath in the Mosaic.
- This is more powerful than heaven, earth, or eternity itself. Because God adds an oath... a vow.

The oath was added to make its promises absolute, cannot be revoked.

- **This is the first covenant in the OT that is connected to an oath.**

God gives the oath in Genesis 22:16.

He gives it in response to Abraham’s obedience in offering up Isaac.

- Now, there are five glorious revelations in one covenant while all others only have four.
- Because this covenant deals with your life, the church, and God’s purpose for eternity.

The Adamic dealt with Adam.

The Noahic dealt with Noah.

The Abrahamic deals with CHRIST.

- And because it deals with Christ, it carries an oath with it.

This oath is the fifth element in that covenant.

1. Promises
2. Terms
3. Oath
4. Blood
5. Seal

Genesis 22:16–18 | KJV

16 By myself have I sworn, saith the LORD, for because thou hast done this thing, and hast not withheld thy son, thine only son: that in **17** blessing I will bless thee, and in multiplying I will multiply thy seed as the stars of the heaven, and as the sand which is upon the sea shore; **18** and thy seed shall possess the gate of his enemies; and in thy seed shall all the nations of the earth be blessed because thou hast obeyed my voice.

Seed - Isaac

Sand on the seashore - Israel and the church
Seed - Christ

That's the oath which deals with the Messiah possessing the gates of the enemy.
- He will have all authority over all power.

all the nations of the earth be blessed

The gospel will be preached to the entire world.

This is Media & social.

- God gave man brains to make it so the world could hear.

This oath was given in connection with the typical death and resurrection of Isaac.

- Because he was about to offer Isaac and God stopped him... it was prophetic.
- He was raised from the dead as a picture of Christ.

Abraham saw it and understood the redemption of the Messiah and that God would provide a lamb.

- Jesus said, "*Abraham saw My day...*"
- When did he see it? When he was on the way to Mt. Moriah to offer his son.
- That's why he called the name of that place: Jehovah Jireh.

This name has two meanings: **1** The Lord will provide **2** The Lord shall be seen.

Jireh (Hebrew) - it shall be seen

- On the way to Moriah he sees the Messiah.

Hebrews 11:17 talks about this oath:

Hebrews 11:17-19 | KJV

17 By faith Abraham, when he was tried, offered up Isaac: and he that had received the promises offered up his only begotten son,

Isaac is the begotten son of the Old Covenant.
Jesus is the begotten of the New Covenant.

18 of whom it was said, That in Isaac shall thy seed[CHRIST] be called: **19** accounting that God was able to raise him up, even from the dead; from whence also he received him in a figure."

Talking about Christ and the resurrection.

Isaac is the begotten; Christ is the begotten.
Heb 6 explains further:

Hebrews 6:13-20 | KJV

13 For when God made promise to Abraham, because he could swear by no greater, he swore by himself, **14** saying, Surely blessing I will bless thee, and multiplying I will multiply thee. **15** And so, after he had patiently endured, he obtained the promise. **16** For men verily swear by the greater: and an oath for confirmation is to them an end of all strife. **17** Wherein God, willing more abundantly to shew unto the heirs of promise the immutability of his counsel, confirmed it by an oath: **18** that by two immutable things, in which it was impossible for God to lie, we might have a strong consolation, who have fled for refuge to lay hold upon the hope set before us: **19** which hope we have as an anchor of the soul, both sure and stedfast, and which entereth into that within the veil; **20** whither the forerunner is for us entered, even Jesus, made an high priest for ever after the order of Melchisedec.

2 immutable things:

1. The Promise
2. The Oath

God, when giving the Abrahamic Covenant gave us two eternal, unshakable foundations: His Promise and His Oath.

It cannot be revoked. It is eternal and can never be broken.

- God bound Himself to it eternally.

This is the strongest agreement God ever made with man.

- In this covenant are all the future and past covenants.
- It is the covenant that takes the Adamic and the Everlasting and brings them together. The eternal glue between God and your soul.
- It's what caused Jesus to say, *"They in Me and I in them."*

This oath was confirmed to Isaac, Jacob, Israel, and to Christ.

Genesis 26:2-4 Isaac

1 Chronicles 16:16-18; Jeremiah 11:5 - for an everlasting covenant

Luke 1:68-75 deals with Christ.

- That's why Christ came because of the oath.

Galatians 3:15-18 | KJV

15 Brethren, I speak after the manner of men; Though it be but a man's covenant, yet if it be confirmed, no man disannulleth, or addeth thereto.

- It's impossible to cancel.

16 Now to Abraham and his seed were the promises made. He saith not, And to seeds, as of many; but as of one, And to thy seed, which is Christ. **17** And this I say, that the covenant, that was confirmed before of God in Christ, the law, which was four hundred and thirty years after, cannot disannul, that it should make the promise of none effect. **18** For if the

inheritance be of the law, it is no more of promise: but God gave it to Abraham by promise.

The law cannot cancel the covenant.

- This was given to Abraham before the law was given to Moses.

Why the law?

- The law came to show people they cannot do it by themselves.
- They must trust the covenant of God and look to Him by faith.

So this covenant sees its fulfillment through Christ and in Christ to Israel and the church forever.

The Blood

Now God ratifies the covenant before Abraham seals it.

God is the originator, God gives the terms, God ratifies it, we seal it.

We seal it by application.

- Adam would have sealed the covenant if he had eaten of the tree of life.
- The sealing of the covenant is so powerful that God left it in the hands of man.

The blood of the covenant was revealed first to Abraham when Melchizedek came to him in Genesis 14 and gave him communion.

Genesis 14:18 | NKJV

Then Melchizedek king of Salem brought out bread and wine; he was the priest of God Most High.

Why did Melchizedek give him communion?

He was already in the covenant.

God gave the covenant, Melchizedek comes and ratifies (approves) it.

- That's why He came.
- He didn't come just to congratulate him or receive the tithe.
- He gave him bread and wine revealing the death and resurrection of Christ.

Where does it say he gave him communion?

He gave him bread and wine.

- Notice it was after a battle and he was hungry and thirsty.

Genesis 15:7-17 | NKJV

7 Then He said to him, "I am the Lord, who brought you out of Ur of the Chaldeans, to give you this land to inherit it." 8 And he said, "Lord God, how shall I know that I will inherit it?" 9 So He said to him, "Bring Me a three-year-old heifer, a three-year-old female goat, a three-year-old ram, a turtledove, and a young pigeon." 10 Then he brought all these to Him and cut them in two, down the middle, and placed each piece opposite the other; but he did not cut the birds in two. 11 And when the vultures came down on the carcasses, Abram drove them away. 12 Now when the sun was

going down, a deep sleep fell upon Abram; and behold, horror and great darkness fell upon him. **13** Then He said to Abram: "Know certainly that your descendants will be strangers in a land that is not theirs, and will serve them, and they will afflict them four hundred years. **14** And also the nation whom they serve I will judge; afterward they shall come out with great possessions. **15** Now as for you, you shall go to your fathers in peace; you shall be buried at a good old age. **16** But in the fourth generation they shall return here, for the iniquity of the Amorites is not yet complete." **17** And it came to pass, when the sun went down and it was dark, that behold, there appeared a smoking oven and a burning torch that passed between those pieces.

God passes between the pieces and ratifies the promise of the covenant making it **eternal**.

These are the same 5 offerings in the Mosaic Law.

Why 5? Every animal deals with a certain revelation.

- It's got to do with your life.

At Calvary Jesus fulfilled every sacrificial offering on the cross.

The blood came through Melchizedek.

The blood was ratified through the sacrifice.

Genesis 22 God asks for a human sacrifice.

- Abraham completely obeyed and did not question God.

He passes this test of faith and obeys - God reveals Jesus to him.

The blood was revealed three times to Abraham in this covenant.

1. 5 Animal sacrifice
2. Ram caught in the thicket
3. Circumcision

The seal of the covenant was **circumcision**.

Genesis 17:11 | KJV

And ye shall circumcise the flesh of your foreskin; and it shall be a token of the covenant betwixt me and you.

This is the first covenant to be sealed and not broken.

- The first covenant was broken.
- The second covenant was broken.
- This covenant was sealed.

Romans 4:11 | NKJV

And he received the sign of circumcision, a seal of the righteousness of the faith which he had while still uncircumcised, that he might be the

father of all those who believe, though they are uncircumcised, that righteousness might be imputed to them also,

By Abraham's obedience to the command of circumcision, Abraham's seed came into a covenant relationship with God.

- Now they are entitled to promises, privileges, and blessings.

Genesis 17:9-11 | NKJV

9 And God said to Abraham: "As for you, you shall keep My covenant, you and your descendants after you throughout their generations. **10** This is My covenant which you shall keep, between Me and you and your descendants after you: Every male child among you shall be circumcised; **11** and you shall be circumcised in the flesh of your foreskins, and it shall be a sign of the covenant between Me and you.

This circumcision was so important that God almost killed Moses for not keeping it.

Exodus 4:24-25 | NKJV

24 And it came to pass on the way, at the encampment, that the Lord met him and sought to kill him. **25** Then Zipporah took a sharp stone and cut off the foreskin of her son and cast it at Moses' feet, and said, "Surely you are a husband of blood to me!

- Had he not circumcised his children he would have never been able to bring God's people out of Egypt.
- Only through the covenant could he succeed.

The Abrahamic and Mosaic covenants focus on the external.
The New covenant focuses on the internal.
The Abrahamic Covenant was fulfilled in Christ.

Circumcision now in the NT is **baptism**.

Baptism seals the Abrahamic covenant in your life.

Baptism is so important that on the day of Pentecost the first thing they did to the new converts was baptize them.

They were all Jews who had been circumcised in the flesh.

- Now they had to seal the covenant again.

Baptism is the circumcision of the new covenant.

That's what seals the covenant.

Otherwise... what is the purpose of baptism?

- The old life must die the new life comes on.
- That's how we get circumcised in the heart.

The seal is baptism.

Colossians 2:11-13 | NKJV

11 In Him you were also circumcised with the circumcision made without hands, by putting off the body of the sins of the flesh, by the circumcision of Christ, **12** buried with Him in baptism, in which you also were raised with Him through faith in the working of God, who raised Him from the dead. **13** And you, being dead in your trespasses and the uncircumcision of your flesh, He has made alive together with Him, having forgiven you all trespasses,

“Buried with Him in baptism.”

- Circumcision happens at baptism.